

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

VOCABULARY

1 Complete the idiom or expression which matches the definitions.

- You don't have to pay for what you've had.
It's __ the ____.
- I'm really hungry.
I c____ e____ a h____.
- to have just enough money to pay for the things that you need
M____ e____ m____
- Start eating.
T____ _!
- a situation in which you have to pay an amount you consider unfair for something
D____ l____ r____
- You've taken more food than you can eat.
Your e____ are b____ than your s____.
- cost too much
B____ the b____.
- an action that saves money at the beginning, but, over a longer period of time, results in more money being wasted than saved
F____ e____

2 Create nouns from the words by adding a suffix and making any other necessary changes to the word. There may be more than one possible answer.

- | | |
|----------|--------------|
| 1 vandal | 5 imprison |
| 2 burgle | 6 disapprove |
| 3 accept | 7 motivate |
| 4 unfair | 8 negative |

3 Complete the collocations. Some letters have been given to help you.

- I usually order p____f____d fish as it is less oily.
- Jenna s____m____ed her a____c____n a few minutes late, but I think they'll accept it.
- Shoplifting is considered a m____ o____e compared to some other crimes.
- I'm not keen on s____d____d tomatoes – the flavour is too strong for me.
- Some people believe there is so much crime because s____t____ are too l____.
- If you f____ the university's r____q____s, you'll be offered an interview.
- The longer you cook vegetables, the better they taste – I like s____-r____ ones.
- The sentence may seem harsh, but he was a r____p____ o____er.

4 Find a word or phrase from the box to match each definition. There are more words than you need.

adversity fund staycation withdraw
petty networking self-catering holiday
bland thrive overcome itinerary
off the beaten track

- the activity of meeting people who might be useful to know, especially in your job
- a holiday that someone spends in their own country or at home, rather than travelling somewhere else
- not considered serious when compared with other crimes, etc.
- to take out (e.g. money from a bank account)
- a difficult or unlucky situation or event
- to grow, develop or be successful
- not having a strong taste
- a detailed plan or route of a journey

GRAMMAR

5 Complete the conditional sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets. The type of conditional is also given.

- If my family _____ to visit, we usually have a barbecue. (come) (zero)
- If there _____ enough money left, we're planning to get a new sofa. (be) (first)
- I'd be lying on the beach now if I _____ my flight. (miss) (mixed)
- If Julie _____ lazy, she could have passed her exams. (be) (mixed)
- We could meet more often if you _____ a bit closer. (live) (second)
- If Pablo _____ a better trainer, he could have been an Olympic athlete. (have) (third)
- My parents would be rich if they _____ the house when they did. (sell) (mixed)
- If I were you, I _____ for that job. (apply) (second)

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- 6** Rewrite the sentences to make them more emphatic. Choose a word or phrase from the box to begin each sentence.

No way	It	Why	Never	What
Not only	Under no circumstances			No sooner

- 1 He won the medal because he trained so hard.
.....
 - 2 You need to hire an assistant.
.....
 - 3 I'm not going to get up at 5am on a Saturday.
.....
 - 4 You shouldn't accept a lift from someone you don't know.
.....
 - 5 Jill gave me those flowers.
.....
 - 6 I have never been so angry as I was that day.
.....
 - 7 As soon as Alfredo arrived, he started eating.
.....
 - 8 Olga is a brilliant skier and she can also skate really well.
.....
- 7** Rewrite the sentences using the passive voice. There may be more than one possible answer.
- 1 Milly was shocked when her boss told her she no longer had a job.
.....
 - 2 We need to give Kevin extra time to write his essay.
.....
 - 3 Sophie is worried that someone might steal her bike.
.....
 - 4 I remember that someone asked me where I was from.
.....
 - 5 Sunil didn't realise at the time that they were conning him.
.....
 - 6 I think the committee will have decided the matter by Friday.
.....
 - 7 Vicky refused to let anyone defeat her.
.....
 - 8 Before the police arrested the criminal, he was on the run for months.
.....

- 8** Correct any errors in the sentences.

- 1 If only my English is as good as yours. You're so fluent.
- 2 Not since I was at school I have done so much sport.
- 3 I could have made pizza if you hadn't eaten all the cheese.
- 4 Hayley was a lot more careful after lose all that money.
- 5 It was Cory what won the 'most improved student' award.
- 6 Temperatures in winter are only slightly lower than in autumn.
- 7 In some places, visitors are forcing to pay tourism tax.
- 8 Elena has been studying English for five years before she got the chance to go to England.

LISTENING



- 9** You will hear five people talking about what success means to them. Choose a statement for each speaker. There are some statements you don't need.

- 1 Speaker 1
 - 2 Speaker 2
 - 3 Speaker 3
 - 4 Speaker 4
 - 5 Speaker 5
- A Society is changing, so our view of success needs to change too.
 - B Success means knowing what your aspirations are.
 - C I discovered something that interested me more than what I was doing before.
 - D I admire people who overcome adversity.
 - E Everyone should try to get rich.
 - F Other people my age have different priorities.
 - G Your job doesn't define you.
 - H The only person you should try to please is yourself.

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READING

10 Read the text. Choose a sentence for the gaps. There are two sentences you don't need.

- A** After their release, former inmates receive support with housing, employment and healthcare.
- B** It is situated on an island, which obviously makes it a bit more secure in spite of the lack of bars.
- C** Studies show that when prisoners are treated humanely, they are actually less likely to commit another crime.
- D** Inmates have their own rooms with kitchen and bathroom facilities shared with a small number of others.
- E** Finland has the lowest incarceration rate in the European Union, as well as a low rate of reoffending.
- F** When prisons are unpleasant, they act as a deterrent as would-be criminals are scared of getting caught.
- G** One prison governor from Finland understands their point, but highlights the need to do what is best for society as a whole.

The world's nicest prisons

When you think of a prison, what comes to mind? Most probably bars on the windows, high walls, watchtowers, prisoners banging on cell doors, overcrowding and a general air of misery. You might consider this a normal and even desirable state of affairs – after all, the aim is to reduce reoffending rates, and the harsher the conditions, the less likely inmates are to want a return visit, right? Apparently not. ¹ _____

Similarly, contrary to what you might expect, lighter sentences don't promote an increase in crime rates. Experts agree that a focus on rehabilitation boosts offenders' self-respect and makes reintegration into society more likely.

Scandinavia is famous for its decent and even luxurious prisons. One of these is Bastøy prison in Norway. Situated on a small island, Bastøy is home to approximately 115 prisoners, some of whom have been convicted of violent crimes. Visitors say it resembles a university hall of residence more than a prison.

² _____ They can wear their own clothes and only one meal a day is provided to them – the rest they prepare for themselves with ingredients they purchase in the prison shop. Bastøy is an 'ecological prison' and inmates help look after the animals and chop firewood. They also run the ferry service to and from the island. There is a weekly programme of courses, lectures, movies, events and concerts, and prisoners can spend their free time fishing, playing football, going to the gym or even horse riding.

As well as decent living conditions, Bastøy, along with other Norwegian prisons provides a continuing care policy, which helps ensure a smooth transition to life on the outside.

³ _____ Most start working in jobs outside the prison 18 months before leaving, which frequently leads to permanent work and a stable life. An obvious question people ask on learning this, is don't they try to escape? In fact, escape is extremely rare as prisoners are well aware that on recapture, they will lose the privilege of being in an open prison. Holding offenders responsible for their actions in this way is one of the reasons this system is so successful.

Other Scandinavian prisons take a similar approach to Norway's. Prison is viewed as a last resort.

⁴ _____ Finland's open prisons also avoid the traditional symbols of prison: bars, high fences and locked gates. Some inmates have jobs with local businesses, while others work inside the prison in jobs which develop their skills in preparation for future employment. Those in favour of open prisons say that they create a need for self-control and accepting responsibility. Prisoners learn that just because they can do something, it doesn't mean they should.

Decent, humane prisons are by no means limited to Scandinavia. Austria, Germany, Switzerland, New Zealand and Scotland are just some of the countries that organise a number of their prisons along similar lines to those of Scandinavian countries. There are even prisons which allow inmates to experience parenthood by having their infant children with them for some or all of their sentence. In every case, those involved have found that treating convicts as human beings increases their self-esteem and plants in their minds the possibility of living a decent life as a hardworking and law-abiding citizen in the future. Some countries that have been experimenting with improving prison conditions are now working towards reforming their entire penal system.

Naturally, humane prisons have their critics. They argue that criminals should suffer for their actions and it is wrong to reward them with luxurious rooms, a job and recreational facilities. ⁵ _____

And the evidence overwhelmingly suggests that focusing on rehabilitation of offenders rather than harsh punishment makes society safer for all of us.

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WRITING

- 11** Your class has been discussing the issue of whether school students should wear a uniform. You have now been asked to write an essay considering the issue.

You should include:

- points in favour
- points against
- your own opinion

Write about 260 words.

SPEAKING

- 12** Complete the phrases and match them to their functions.

- 1 What a s____!
- 2 I hope you don't mind my s____g
- 3 Wow! Are you s____s?
- 4 It's w____ you do when ...
- 5 Sorry, I didn't c____ that.

- A Saying that you don't want to offend someone
B Paraphrasing
C Asking for repetition
D Expressing sympathy
E Expressing surprise

- 13** Tell your partner about something you have achieved that you feel proud of. Listen to your partner's account and ask follow-up questions. Use expressions from exercise 12 if appropriate.